

WEATHER FORECAST:
Fair and warmer tonight.
Full Report on Page Two.

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HAYES SCORES CRISP BILL IN A DEFENSE OF CAPITAL CITY

California Republican Says Washington Is a Source of Pride to People of the United States.

Declares His Constituents Who Seldom Get to See Beauties Here Do Not Begrudge Ample Appropriation.

A strong defense of the half-and-half principle plan was voiced in the House this afternoon by Congressman Hayes of California, Republican, who criticized the Crisp bill to tear down the existing fiscal arrangement between the Federal and District governments.

"The National Capital," he said, "is a source of pride to the American people. I do not believe this nation begrudges the five or six million dollars spent annually for its Capital. When I recall the vast sums we spend every year for public buildings and rivers and harbors, it seems to me that the sum spent on the Capital is well spent."

"I have heard no public clamor for the repeal of the half-and-half law. If such exists it has sprung up like a mushroom. The gentleman from Iowa, Mr. Prouty, is an advocate of the plan to change the half-and-half system and I figure that the people of this State contribute less than 7 cents a head to the support of the National Capital. I don't believe they are kicking about that, nor do I believe that the people of Georgia, where Mr. Crisp lives, are excited over this dramatic act."

"I know the residents of my district take a patriotic interest in Washington. Although we are across the continent and few of us get here to see the Capital."

Congressman Hayes asserted that the half-and-half law was the outcome of experience. He referred to the unkept condition of Washington before the law was enacted and declared that he was unalterably opposed to any change whatever in the present policy.

"To do away with the half-and-half law would double the taxes in the District of Columbia," said Mr. Hayes. "You are not dealing with an ordinary municipality. Washington is free from commercial invasion, and is purely a residential city. There is no great wealth here, no merchant houses, or corporation barns. The local population is composed of small homeowners who purchased their homes on the monthly installment plan, and it is unfair to verburden them with taxes."

The House District Committee today discussed restoring to District employees, including policemen and firemen, the right to petition members and committees of Congress.

Congressman Gorman of Illinois brought the matter to the attention of the committee, reading an order of the House, promulgated in 1906, to break in the practice of direct appeals to Congress. The order forbade any committee or department chief to appeal to Congress without the consent of the committee.

"Is this law still in effect?" asked Congressman L. Engle of Florida, who said it was "modeled after the orders of the Persian Shah."

"I understand it is," said Mr. Gorman, who added:

"Policemen and firemen do not have opportunity to appeal to Congress. They are subject to dismissal if they come before a committee without the consent of the authorities, so the practice of employing attorneys has sprung up."

Comment about the committee table was unfavorable to the "gag order," and the Crosser subcommittee was directed to take the matter up with the committee.

No bills were reported by the committee today, but arguments were heard on Chairman Johnson and Congressman Prouty regarding their respective bills to regulate insurance companies in the District. The Johnson bill is broader in its terms than the Prouty measure and would prohibit interlocking financial institutions in the District, as well as among insurance companies.

The committee will consider the two bills at a subsequent meeting. Chairman Johnson advised the Leary subcommittee that there is pressure for the report of the bill providing an eight-hour day for working women in the District and the subcommittee will meet tomorrow to consider this measure.

During the general discussion of District affairs in the committee today, Congressman Walters, Bull Moose, raised the question of whether a policeman can be both a policeman and a bricklayer.

"Can he lay bricks by day and pound bricks by night, or vice versa?" asked Mr. Walters, who said he had a complaint from a walking delegate of the bricklayers' union that two policemen were so energetic they lay bricks in their spare time. A rather amusing discussion of the question followed and it was suggested that the subcommittee which is considering the eight-hour bill for women shall include "and policemen."

Police and Laity Unite to Help Red Light Homeless Women



MRS. ELLIS LOGAN.

FLAYS COURTS FOR ANTI-TRUST RULINGS

Stanley Urges House Committee to Repeal Supreme Tribunal's Rule of Reason.

Criticizing the Supreme Court and lower tribunals for their interpolation and administration of the Sherman law Congressman Stanley of Kentucky appeared as the first witness in the House Judiciary Committee's hearing on trust bills to urge an amendment which will repeal the "rule of reason."

Stanley said the Federal Judiciary exceeded its authority in exempting corporations from prosecution unless they operated in "unreasonable" restraint of trade.

"The Supreme Court and other astute Federal judges acted without reason," said Stanley. "Over since the law was written, studied, and persistent attempts have been made to write the word 'reasonable' into the law."

Mr. Stanley, chairman of the "Stanley Steel trust inquiry," urged that the committee, which has invited several prominent witnesses to give their views on the anti-trust bills, both Low, president of the American Civic Federation, will testify next Wednesday.

Hebrews Talk to Wilson About Immigration Laws

Immigration problems and the proposed Russian treaty were discussed with President Wilson this afternoon by Louis Marshall, Cyrus Adler, and Samuel Hays, who are members of the Hebrews of the country.

The President the Hebrews of the country were in supporting the President's attitude, in insisting that any new treaty to be entered into with Russia, should provide for equal treatment of all Americans, regardless of race or creed.

Dudley F. Malone's Father Gets Job Paying \$4,000

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—William C. Malone, father of Dudley Field Malone, collector of the port, was appointed yesterday secretary of the department of docks and ferries by R. A. C. Smith at \$4,000 a year.

Collector Malone's father has served as attendant in the surrogate's court for twenty-three years, at a salary of \$1,800 a year. The last few years he has served as personal attendant to Surrogate Cohan.

WILL PUSH CHARGES AGAINST POLICEMAN

Miss Downer Freed in Court, But Colored Woman Files New Complaint.

Following the dismissal today of two Police Court charges against Miss Frances Downer, a wealthy property owner, living at Vermont avenue and N street northwest, Mrs. Alice Murphy, colored, applied for a warrant charging Miss Downer with assaulting her three-year-old son, Calvin Murphy.

Simultaneous, N. A. Bowles, counsel for Miss Downer, declared that he would press the charges of unlawful arrest against B. Castle, the policeman, who arrested Miss Downer. The complaint, filed with Mayor Sylvester, accuses Castle of using force in arresting Miss Downer.

Judge Muldowney, before whom Miss Downer appeared today to answer the charges of disorderly conduct, and having an unquizzed dog, disposed of the cases in quick order. Holding that the alleged offense of slapping a boy is not disorderly conduct, he dismissed that case. In the other charge, the court ruled that evidence supported Miss Downer's story that the muzzle of the dog was kicked off through no fault of her own and the case was dismissed.

Mrs. Downer and sent her to the station house in the patrol wagon, despite, she says, her request that she be permitted to go home, a short distance away, and get money for her bail.

Rebel Agents Here Hope For Raising of Embargo

The constitutionalist agency here today received word that General Carranza would make Chihuahua City his headquarters after February 15. The agency professed no alarm in connection with shipments of arms to Huerta, said to be arriving from Yokohama.

"We took steps to block this business some months ago," it was stated, "and are satisfied Huerta can get no further arms from that quarter. He is, however, obtaining munitions from Germany."

We hope President Wilson will soon raise the embargo, so that we may have an equal chance to make our purchases in the United States market."

Farm Land Bank System Proposed in Senate Bill

A "national farm land banking system" was proposed in a bill introduced by Senator Fletcher, with his report from the Rural Credits Committee today.

He said this applied to co-operative land mortgage banks, and that the question of personal short term obligations was still under consideration.

Agents of Crittenton Home Canvass Division—Clinic Open for Aid and Advice—Lectures in Theaters and Sermons to Appeal For Funds—Finch Needs \$25,000 For Garment Factory.

With the clergy and civic and social workers aroused, and co-operating to unprecedented degree, preparations to care for the women who will be driven from Washington's segregated district when President Wilson signs the Kenyon red light bill, are on in full swing today.

The campaign for a fund of \$25,000 to start a garment factory, wherein the unfortunate women may obtain employment, is well under way, directed by Stanley Finch, United States commissioner for suppression of the white slave traffic.

Women of the Florence Crittenton Mission are continuing their house-to-house canvass of the "district," offering a haven to the unfortunates.

The Woman's Auxiliary Clinic has thrown open its doors to all the exiles who need medical attention or advice.

Meetings, at which will be discussed plans for further alleviating the conditions of the women are planned by the Federation of Women's Clubs, the Woman's Civic Federation, the District Mothers' Congress, the Interdomina-

(Continued on Second Page.)



MRS. FRED T. DUBOIS.

Reform the Men, Says Mrs. Moller

The Committee on the Elimination of Commercialized Vice, through its chairman, Mrs. Irving C. Moller, has issued a statement recommending the distribution of the \$25,000 raised for the rescue of the women affected by the passage of the Kenyon bill.

"We recommend that \$20,000 of the \$25,000 raised be spent upon the reform of the men who made possible the 'Red Light' district, to protect the town from this menace."

"Since there are 100 immoral men to one immoral woman and since these men will not leave town, while no doubt many of the girls will, the greater part of the money should be spent upon the enlightenment of the men."

"We are amazed, in all this discussion about the 'Red Light' conditions that the stupid and criminal conduct of the men toward the girls, that the resulting dreadful effects of disease upon their families and the world at large have not been deplored or mentioned in any way."

"When there are thousands of Washington men preying upon the girls how can anyone expect to reform the girls? It is wrong to give the task of reforming girls to men—they probably understand how to reform men, but the very plan which Mr. Finch has formed proves their unfitness for the task."

"Mrs. Barrett has shown her wonderful fitness for the work, beyond any other woman. Mr. Finch and Mr. McReynolds, the Attorney General, should expend their enthusiasm upon their own sex."

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MRS. BERTHA B. BYRNE.

TWO-SHIP PROGRAM FAVORED BY WILSON

Secretary Daniels' Information to House Assures Bigger Navy Bill, It Is Said.

A naval bill providing two new battleships was virtually assured today when Secretary of the Navy Daniels told the House Naval Affairs Committee that President Wilson was in favor of "at least two battleships annually."

Asked if the Navy Department had not followed the recommendation of the general navy board, Secretary Daniels said that economy had been the prevailing consideration in the navy program of this Administration. He said the President wanted an adequate navy, and wanted to keep pace with other nations, although not engaging in a mad race for supremacy.

That the Democratic caucus made a mistake in ordering only one battleship at the last session, was asserted by the Secretary.

The Japanese situation was not referred to directly today at the secret hearing held by the Naval Committee, and Admiral Vredland's testimony of yesterday regarding the case with which Japan might side the Philippines was not mentioned.

Secretary Daniels will appear before the House committee again tomorrow and may be asked regarding the Japanese situation.

Diplomats Expect Japan To Deny Mexico Plot

Unless some sort of denial is forthcoming from Japan within a short time regarding the reports of her activities in Mexico, the situation between the United States and the Mikado's government is likely to grow considerably more acute.

That such a denial will come through the Japanese embassy to the State Department, is the belief among diplomats.

It is confidently believed among those close to the State Department that Japan will deny, with all professions of friendship for the United States, the reports that she has been selling arms and munitions to Huerta at a nominal cost, and will disclaim any intention of affronting the United States by her action in sending the cruiser Izumi to Mexico. She will, doubtless deny, it is said, any responsibility for the demonstrations in Mexico City in honor of the Japanese legation.

That, practically, was Japan's course when last summer Huerta's followers went out of their way to do honor to the new Japanese minister to Mexico, and when Huerta, with much ceremony, dispatched De La Hara to Tokyo on a special mission of respect to the Japanese ruler.

The action of the United States at that time was vigorous. Representatives of displeasure were at once forwarded to Tokyo, with the result that the La Hara, before he had half completed his journey to Japan, was informed by the Japanese foreign office that he would not be received in audience by the Emperor.

FAMILY SKELETONS WORRY CITY'S ELITE

Midnight Hides the Parties Which Folks of Fashion Attend Surreptitiously.

There are skeletons in the family cupboards of 90 per cent of the most respectable homes in Washington.

They cause the members of the family to sneak away from home at night. Father, mother, son, and daughter, all have a guilty air, and they carry the skeleton with them in a little black bag.

They are dancing shoes, these skeletons, and they take their owners on the wild goose chase for knowledge of the effervescent, elusive, and tantalizing tango and its variations.

Shocking as it may seem, this bluebird chase is an open scandal, and if two or three unbelievers whom fate has not smitten with the germ could peep in at the private and class lessons of the dancing academies, they would get the shock of their lives.

Gray haired men, flappers, fat, middle aged women, and gay youths mingle with a touching disregard of age, social status, or nationality. The respected clerk who works quietly by your side during the day waves her, a-hem—let us say points her toes nightly in the mazes of the tango.

Secretly, when he takes his tango lessons, he is one of those who are trampled on in these new dances, cheer up to dance the new step. A series of instructive articles by Florence E. Yoder begins in next Sunday's Times. Place your order with your newswriter today.

Asiatic Bill Is Shelved Again to Please Bryan

At the personal request of Secretary of State Bryan, the House Immigration Committee today again declined at this time to hold hearings on the Baker Asiatic exclusion bill. Bryan asked postponement to prevent adding fuel to the dispute with Japan.

Secretary Bryan telephoned Chairman Burnett, of the Immigration Committee, asking that the hearings today not be held. Baker objected to further postponement. Other members also objected, but the committee voted to oblige Bryan's wishes.

Mr. Bryan said he did not wish another hearing held before any Congressional committee which would make the Administration's present task with Japan more difficult.

Suffragists Appeal to The Democratic Caucus

Petitions for a Democratic caucus of the House upon the question of woman suffrage were circulated today by suffrage leaders. They claimed to have enough signatures to force a call for a caucus to consider the resolution proposing a special woman suffrage committee.

They hope to overturn the decision of the House Rules Committee, which refused to report out a resolution for creation of the special committee.

SUSPECT SLIPS FROM THEM IN DOORWAY OF A FILM THEATER

Is Charged With Embezzlement of \$32,000 From Washington Brokerage Firm, With Miss Alice E. Malone.

St. Louis Police Send Out Call For All Districts To Be on Watch For Man Who Says He Came From Baltimore.

Sidney B. Harrison, who, with Miss Alice Malone, is charged with the embezzlement of \$32,000 from Carpenter & Co., a Washington brokerage firm, is believed by the St. Louis police to be the man who slipped through their fingers last night through a darkened exit door of a moving picture theater.

Captain Reynolds, of the Deere street district, today requested captains of all other St. Louis districts to arrest on sight Sidney B. Harrison, believed to be known there as Albert Johnson.

Following the receipt of the circular with a picture and description of Harrison, sent out by the Washington Police Department, the St. Louis police have been on the lookout for Harrison. Sergeant Dalton and Patrolman Dunbar saw the man in the St. Louis theater last night. They approached him and were told his name was Albert Johnson, born and reared in Washington and formerly in the coal business here. He denied that he was even in the brokerage firm, and said he went to St. Louis from Baltimore December 27, seventeen days before the alleged embezzlement here.

During a momentary interruption he made his escape through the darkened exit.

RICHMOND MEN GET ARLINGTON'S SITE

Syndicate Will Carry Out Project of Building Immense Hotel.

The old Arlington Hotel site, on the northwest corner of Vermont avenue and H street northwest, was today sold at public auction to a syndicate of Richmond, Va., men, represented by Robert H. McNeill, for \$500,000. The property contained 53,391 feet of real estate.

The sale was brought about, it is alleged, by the default of the Arlington Hotel Company in a payment upon the \$500,000 bond, issued by the Equitable Assurance Society of New York, for the utilization in the purchase of that property upon which it was proposed to erect a \$6,000,000 hotel.

Mr. McNeill said that the project of erecting a hotel on the site will be carried out by his company. Details will be given out later.

Only Two Bids Made.

Only two bids were made at today's sale, the first, one of \$45,000, by a representative of the Equitable company, the amount due it, including interest and costs.

A large crowd had gathered at the site for the auction, in it being many men prominent in financial circles of Washington, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and St. Louis.

It had been expected that the Arlington Company might bid in the property.

Terms of the Sale.

The terms of the sale as mentioned permit \$100,000 of the purchase money, or any part of it, to remain on the property to be evidenced by the note of the purchaser, payable on or before January 1, 1917, with interest at 5 per cent.

The advantages enjoyed by the buying company are the 5 per cent interest rate against the 6 per cent rate which the Arlington company paid on their loan.

The Richmond syndicate further owns the equipment on the real estate, including the braces and excavating material.

In the furtherance of the hotel project these two items represent something like \$200,000.

Thomas J. Owen & Son had charge of the auction. A. B. Brown and Frederick E. Chapin were the trustees of the deed of trust.

IN CONGRESS TODAY.

SENATE.

Met at noon.

Rural credits commission report and bill introduced.

Bill for permanent exhibit of States in Washington favorably reported.

Much sentiment for public ownership of gas utility for Washington.

HOUSE.

Met at noon.

Debate of fortifications bill begun.

Trusts hearings started by Judiciary Committee, which heard Congressman Stanley.

The District Committee held regular weekly meeting.